



**higher education
& training**

Department:
Higher Education and Training
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

MARKING GUIDELINE

NATIONAL CERTIFICATE

APRIL EXAMINATION

STRENGTH OF MATERIALS AND STRUCTURES N6

8 APRIL 2016

This marking guideline consists of 8 pages.

QUESTION 1

1.1

$$\text{at } 100 \text{ mm} : a - \frac{b}{0,1^2} = 180 \times 10^6 \dots\dots\dots (1) \checkmark (\text{inner cylinder})$$

$$\text{at } 100 \text{ mm} : a + \frac{b}{0,1^2} = 0 \dots\dots\dots (2) \checkmark$$

$$(1) + (2) : 2a = 180 \times 10^6$$

$$a = 90 \times 10^6 \checkmark$$

$$b = 900 \times 10^3 \checkmark$$

$$\text{at } 200 \text{ mm} : \sigma_R = a + \frac{b}{0,2^2}$$

$$= 90 \times 10^6 + \frac{900 \times 10^3}{0,2^2}$$

$$\sigma_R = 67,5 \text{ MPa} \checkmark$$

$$\text{at } 300 \text{ mm} : a + \frac{b}{0,3^2} = 0 \dots\dots\dots (1) \checkmark (\text{outer cylinder})$$

$$\text{at } 200 \text{ mm} : a - \frac{b}{0,2^2} = -200 \times 10^6 \dots\dots\dots (2) \checkmark$$

$$(1) - (2) : 11,111b + 25b = 200 \times 10^6$$

$$b = 5,538 \times 10^6 \checkmark$$

$$a = -61,538 \times 10^3 \checkmark$$

$$\text{at } 200 \text{ mm} : \sigma_R = a + \frac{b}{0,2^2}$$

$$= -61,538 \times 10^6 + \frac{5,538 \times 10^6}{0,2^2}$$

$$\sigma_R = 76,923 \text{ MPa} \checkmark$$

Therefore the maximum pressure = 67,5 MPa \checkmark

(11)

$$1.2 \quad \delta d_1 = \frac{d}{E} (\sigma_H - \nu \times \sigma_R)$$

$$= \frac{0,1}{200 \times 10^9} (180 \times 10^6 - 0,29 \times 0) \checkmark$$

$$\delta d_1 = 90 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m } \checkmark$$

(2)
[13]**QUESTION 2**2.1 *Consider stress limit:*

$$M = \sigma \times Z = 180 \times 10^6 \times 1329 \times 10^{-6} = 239,22 \text{ kNm } \checkmark$$

$$w = \frac{8M}{L^2} = \frac{8 \times 239,22 \times 10^3}{4^2} \checkmark = 119,61 \text{ kNm } \checkmark$$

Consider deflection limit:

$$w = \frac{384EIy}{5L^4} = \frac{384 \times 200 \times 10^9 \times 274,2 \times 10^{-6} \times 0,011}{5 \times 4^4} \checkmark = 180,972 \text{ kNm } \checkmark$$

The maximum allowed weight = total weight – own weight

$$w = 119,61 \times 10^3 - 74,8 \times 9,81 \checkmark = 118,876 \text{ kNm } \checkmark \quad (7)$$

2.2 *actual stress $\sigma_b = 180 \text{ MPa } \checkmark$*

$$y = \frac{5wL^4}{384EI} = \frac{5 \times 119,61 \times 10^3 \times 4^4}{384 \times 200 \times 10^9 \times 274,2 \times 10^{-6}} \checkmark = 7,27 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m } \checkmark \quad (3)$$

2.3
$$y = \frac{FL^3}{48EI}$$

$$(7,27 - 3) \times 10^{-3} \checkmark = \frac{F \times 4^3}{48 \times 200 \times 10^9 \times 274,2 \times 10^{-6}} \checkmark$$

$$F = 175,635 \text{ kNm } \checkmark \quad (3)$$

[13]

QUESTION 3

3.1

$$\sigma_d = \frac{F}{A} = \frac{60 \times 10^3}{5,876 \times 10^{-6}} \checkmark = 10,211 \text{ MPa} \checkmark$$

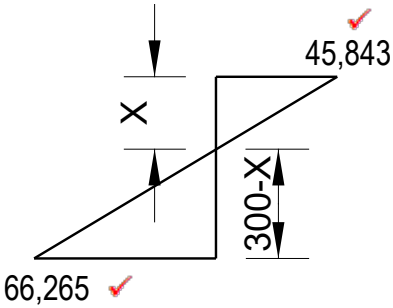
$$M = \frac{Fab}{L} = \frac{40 \times 10^3 \times 1 \times 3}{4} = 30 \text{ kNm} \checkmark$$

$$\sigma_b = \frac{MY}{I} = \frac{30 \times 10^3 \times 0,15}{80,28 \times 10^{-6}} \checkmark = 56,0538 \text{ MPa} \checkmark$$

$$\sigma_{\text{bottom}} = \sigma_d + \sigma_b = 10,211 + 56,0538 = 66,265 \text{ MPa} \checkmark (\text{tensile}) \checkmark$$

$$\sigma_{\text{top}} = \sigma_d - \sigma_b = 10,211 - 56,0538 = 45,843 \text{ MPa} \checkmark (\text{compressive}) \checkmark \quad (9)$$

3.2



$$\frac{45,843}{x} = \frac{66,265}{300 - x} \checkmark$$

$$x = 122,675 \text{ mm (from top)} \checkmark$$

(4)
[13]

QUESTION 4

4.1

$$W = \rho g A l = 2400 \times 9,81 \times 0,5 \times B \times 5 \times 1 = 58860B = V \checkmark$$

$$F_w = \frac{\rho g h^2}{2} = \frac{1000 \times 9,81 \times 5^2}{2} = 122625 \text{ N} \checkmark$$

Moments about the toe: $V \times x_R + F_w \times \frac{h}{3} = W \times x_1$

$$58860B \times \frac{B}{3} \checkmark + 122625 \times \frac{5}{3} \checkmark = 58860B \times \frac{2B}{3} \checkmark$$

$$B = 3,227 \text{ m} \checkmark \quad (6)$$

4.2

$$W \sim M = W \times x_1 = 58860 \times 3,227 \times 0,667 \times 3,227 = 408,627 \text{ kNm} \checkmark$$

$$F_w \sim M = F_w \times \frac{h}{3} = 122625 \times \frac{5}{3} = 204,375 \text{ kNm} \checkmark$$

$$FOS = \frac{W \sim M}{F_w \sim M} = \frac{408,627}{204,375} = 2 \checkmark (\text{safe}) \geq 2 \checkmark \quad (4)$$

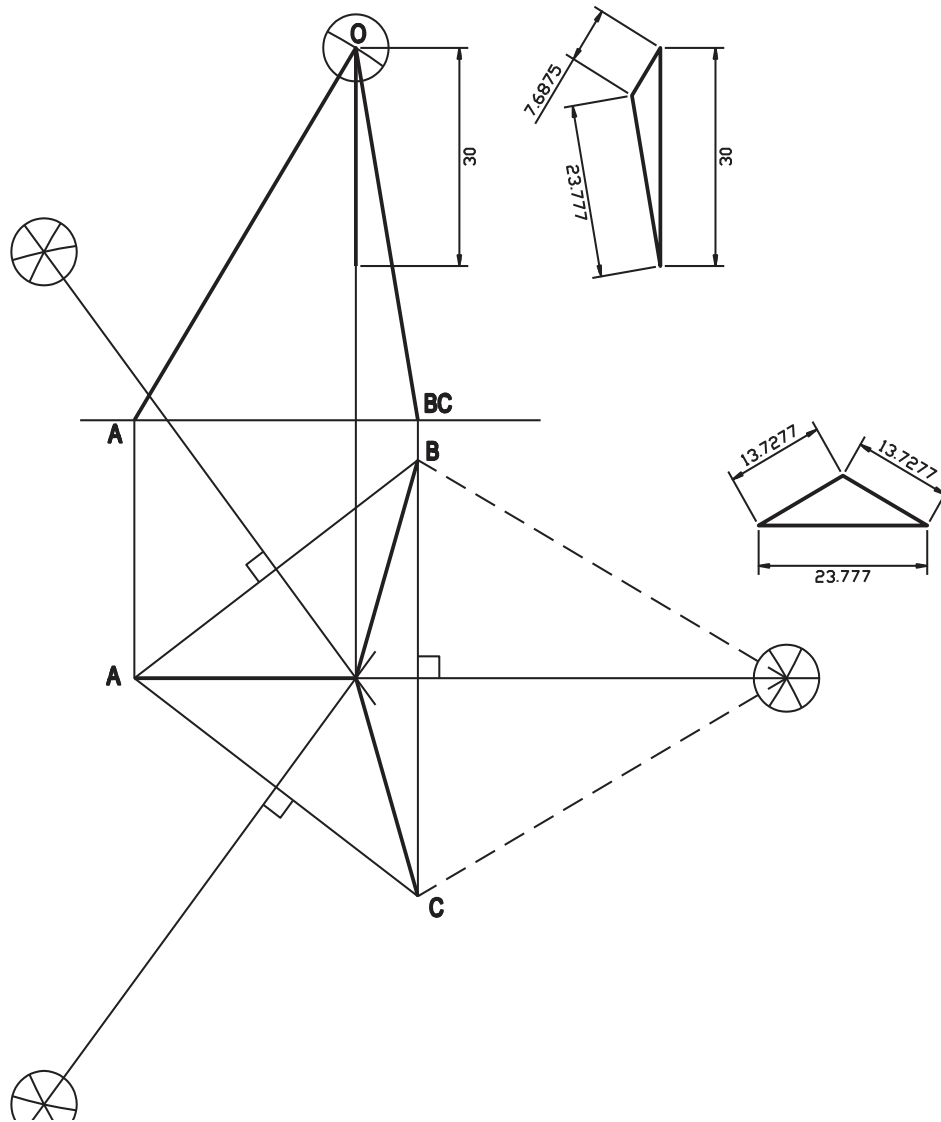
4.3 $V = 58860B = 58860 \times 3,227 = 189,941 \text{ kN} \checkmark$

$$FOS = \frac{\mu V}{F_w} = \frac{0,4 \times 189,941}{122,625} = 0,62 \checkmark (\text{not safe}) < 1,5 \checkmark$$

(3)
[13]

QUESTION 5

5.1



(2)

5.2

MEMBER	MAGNITUDE	NATURE
OA	7,68 kN \checkmark	Strut
OB	13,73 kN \checkmark	Strut
OC	13,73 kN \checkmark	Strut

(7)
[9]

QUESTION 6

$$6.1 \quad mA_s(d-n) = A_1y_1 + A_2y_2$$

$$15 \times 200 \times 10^{-6}(0,6-n) \checkmark = 0,5 \times 0,08(n-0,04) \checkmark + 0,2 \times 0,5(n-0,08)^2 \checkmark$$

$$n^2 + 270n - 27600 = 0$$

$$n = 0,0791 \text{ m} \checkmark \quad (4)$$

$$6.2 \quad l_\alpha = d - \frac{n}{3} = 0,6 - \frac{0,0791}{3} = 0,574 \text{ m} \checkmark$$

$$M = 0,5\sigma_c A_c l_\alpha = 0,5 \times 5,2 \times 10^6 \times 0,5 \times 0,0791 \times 0,574 = 58,964 \text{ kNm} \checkmark$$

$$M = \sigma_s A_s l_\alpha = 140 \times 10^6 \times 200 \times 10^{-6} \times 0,574 = 16,062 \text{ kNm} \checkmark$$

Therefore maximum $M = 16,062 \text{ kNm} \checkmark \checkmark \quad (5)$

$$6.3 \quad M = 0,5\sigma_c A_c l_\alpha$$

$$16,062 \times 10^3 = 0,5 \times \sigma_c \times 0,5 \times 0,0791 \times 0,574 \checkmark$$

$$\sigma_c = 1,417 \text{ MPa} \checkmark \quad (2)$$

$$6.4 \quad M_c = 0,5\sigma_c A_c \frac{2}{3}n$$

$$= 0,5 \times 1,417 \times 10^6 \times 0,5 \times 0,0791 \times \frac{2}{3} \times 0,0791 \checkmark$$

$$M_c = 1,477 \text{ kNm} \checkmark \quad (2)$$

$$6.5 \quad M_s = \sigma_s A_s (d-n)$$

$$= 140 \times 10^6 \times 200 \times 10^{-6} (0,6 - 0,0791) \checkmark$$

$$M_s = 14,586 \text{ kNm} \checkmark \quad (2)$$

[15]

QUESTION 7

$$7.1 \quad y_0 = \frac{F_H}{w} = \frac{250}{10} = 25 \text{ m} \quad \checkmark$$

$$y_1 = y_0 + d = 25 + 6 = 31 \text{ m} \quad \checkmark$$

$$F_{T1} = wy_1 = 10 \times 31 = 310 \text{ N} \quad \checkmark$$

$$y_2 = y_1 + h = 31 + 7 = 38 \text{ m} \quad \checkmark$$

$$F_{T2} = wy_2 = 10 \times 38 = 380 \text{ N} \quad \checkmark \quad (5)$$

$$7.2 \quad l_1 = \sqrt{y_1^2 - y_0^2} = \sqrt{31^2 - 25^2} = 18,33 \text{ m} \quad \checkmark$$

$$l_2 = \sqrt{y_2^2 - y_0^2} = \sqrt{38^2 - 25^2} = 28,618 \text{ m} \quad \checkmark$$

$$l_T = l_1 + l_2 = 18,33 + 28,618 = 46,948 \text{ m} \quad \checkmark \quad (3)$$

$$7.3 \quad x_1 = y_0 \ln\left(\frac{y_1 + l_1}{y_0}\right) = 25 \times \ln\left(\frac{31 + 18,33}{25}\right) = 16,992 \text{ m} \quad \checkmark$$

$$x_2 = y_0 \ln\left(\frac{y_2 + l_2}{y_0}\right) = 25 \times \ln\left(\frac{38 + 28,618}{25}\right) = 24,503 \text{ m} \quad \checkmark$$

$$x_T = x_1 + x_2 = 16,992 + 24,503 = 41,494 \text{ m} \quad \checkmark \quad (3)$$

$$7.4 \quad y_3 = \frac{F_{H3}}{w} = \frac{350}{10} = 35 \text{ m} \quad \checkmark$$

$$l_3 = \sqrt{y_3^2 - y_0^2} = \sqrt{35^2 - 25^2} = 24,495 \text{ m} \quad \checkmark$$

$$x_3 = y_0 \ln\left(\frac{y_3 + l_3}{y_0}\right) = 25 \times \ln\left(\frac{35 + 24,495}{25}\right) = 21,675 \text{ m} \quad \checkmark \quad (3)$$

[14]

QUESTION 8

$$8.1 \quad M_e = \frac{\pi(D^4 - d^4)\sigma}{32D} = \frac{\pi(0,1^4 - 0,05^4) \times 100 \times 10^6}{32 \times 0,1} \checkmark = 9,204 \text{ kNm} \checkmark$$

$$8.2 \quad M_e = 0,5(M + T_e)$$

$$9,204 = 0,5(5 + T_e) \checkmark$$

$$T_e = 13,408 \text{ kNm} \checkmark$$

$$8.3 \quad T = \sqrt{T_e^2 - M^2} = \sqrt{13,408^2 - 5^2} \checkmark = 12,441 \text{ kNm} \checkmark$$

$$8.4 \quad \tau = \frac{16DT_e}{\pi(D^4 - d^4)} = \frac{16 \times 0,1 \times 13,408 \times 10^3}{\pi(0,1^4 - 0,05^4)} \checkmark = 72,839 \text{ MPa} \checkmark$$

$$8.5 \quad T_\alpha = \frac{T}{1,15} = \frac{12,441}{1,15} = 10,818 \text{ kNm} \checkmark$$

$$P = 2\pi NT_\alpha = 2\pi \times 5 \times 10,818 = 339,854 \text{ kW} \checkmark$$

(5 x 2) [10]

TOTAL: 100